# What to Eat and What to Avoid During Pregnancy

During pregnancy, expectant mothers must eat appropriate foods, to avoid food poisoning and to protect their baby.



Raw or undercooked meat and poultry E.g. tartare, rare meat, hotdogs

Liver

Raw fish and seafood E.g. sushi, tartare, ceviche

Refrigerated smoked seafood E.g. smoked salmon

Large fish (contain a lot of mercury)
E.g. tuna,\* shark, swordfish, marlin
\*Canned light tuna is safe

Raw or partly cooked eggs
E.g. runny yolk, homemade mousse, meringue,
homemade Caesar dressing, homemade mayonnaise,
raw cookie dough

Deli meats
E.g. sandwich meats, jam, bacon, bologna

Refrigerated meat spreads E.g. refrigerated liver pâté, cretons

Unwashed fruits and vegetables

Raw shoots and sprouts E.g. bean sprouts, alfalfa sprouts, radish sprouts

#### Cheeses:

- soft (e.g. Camembert, Brie, feta)
- semi-soft (e.g. Saint-Paulin, Havarti)
- blue cheeses



## With

Properly cooked meat and poultry
See Health Canada's Safe Cooking Temperatures

Eating liver is not recommended during pregnancy

Cooked fish and seafood E.g. oysters, clams and mussels cooked until the shell opens

Smoked cooked fish and seafood or those that must be refrigerated only after opening

Small fish rich in omega-3 E.g. trout, salmon, mackerel, sardines, herring

Well-cooked eggs (yolk should be hard)

Foods made with pasteurized eggs E.g. pasteurized liquid eggs or egg whites, for recipes that call for raw eggs

Deli meats heated until they are smoking

Dried, salted meats E.g. salami, pepperoni

Pâtés that must be refrigerated only after opening E.g. canned liver pâté

Fresh fruits and vegetables washed under running water, and scrubbed with a brush for firm-skinned fruits and vegetables

Cooked or canned shoots and sprouts

#### Cheeses:

- hard, pasteurized (e.g. cheddar, Gouda)
- hard (e.g. Parmesan, Romano)
- Fresh pasteurized (e.g. cottage, ricotta)
- melted or spreadable, pasteurized

Cooked cheeses





# What about drinks?





### Caffeine

Caffeine should be **limited to 300 mg per day**. This means 2 cups **(500 ml) of coffee or 6 cups of tea per day**.

Don't forget to take into consideration that some foods contain caffeine.

Food	Caffeine
1 cup of <b>filter coffee</b> (250 ml)	100 to 200 mg
1 cup of <b>instant coffee</b> (250 ml)	50 to 100 mg
1 espresso (30 ml)	40 mg
1 cup of <b>tea</b> (250 ml)	50 mg
1 can of <b>soft drink</b> (355 ml) E.g. cola	40 mg
1 cup of <b>chocolate milk</b> (250 ml)	5 mg
1 piece of <b>dark chocolate</b> (45 g)	30 mg



